



Doctoral Program Handbook

DEPARTMENT OF NUTRITION

ACADEMIC YEAR 2021-2022

Handbook for the Doctoral Program in Nutrition

2021 ~ 2022

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INTRODUCTION

The PhD degree program prepares graduates for leadership in academic and related settings that emphasize teaching and research. PhD students conduct original research, and their degree culminates in a dissertation that expands the boundaries of nutrition knowledge, theory, and/or methodology.

The Department of Nutrition is recognized as a global leader in research and training, and is unique in that it is the only nutrition department in the U.S. that is situated in both a school of public health and a school of medicine.

We engage in innovative and interdisciplinary approaches that encourage collaborations across disciplines and capitalize on both these schools' historical approaches to health; and thus our department has an unusual breadth of scientific and policy approaches, spanning from cell to society and moving from discovery to delivery. The work of our faculty and students is carried out throughout North Carolina and spans the globe to communities and populations in China, India, Malawi, Spain and The Philippines, to name a few.

We live in a time in which nutrition is a pivotal factor in changing the trajectory of public health around the globe. Critical public health issues—from food insecurity to obesity, cardiovascular disease, diabetes, and cancer—can be touched by nutrition research, from the cellular level to epidemiology, interventions and public policy. Our faculty train students in nutritional sciences, clinical nutrition, and public health to become global leaders in their fields. Our areas of focus are balanced by a commitment to research that improves the health of minority and underserved global populations. We continue to expand our reach and challenge ourselves to uphold our mission to improve health through nutrition in North Carolina and around the globe by giving our students a unique and purposeful experience and education that will translate into successful careers in academia, industry, government, and nongovernmental agencies.

FINANCIAL SUPPORT

Financial assistance may be available through the Nutrition Department, the School of Public Health, the University, and private and public agencies. Details of these funding sources are described below. While the goal of the Department is to provide comparable levels of support for all students, the exact level of support may vary by funding source. All students who are accepted for admission are guaranteed funding for at least their first two years of study.

The Department encourages students to apply for F31 fellowships through the NIH as potential funding sources as well as valuable professional development. A Sakai site is maintained through the department to provide resources for the application process. Students can request access through the Academic Coordinator.

The Nutrition Department

The Department offers traineeships and research or teaching assistantships. Opportunities for employment on faculty research grants may also be available for doctoral students. For more information, students should contact the department's Academic Coordinator.

1. **Department training grants.** The Department has two National Institutes of Health (NIH) grants for predoctoral training which help support several students each year. One training grant focuses on transdisciplinary nutrition across the full scope of the department and the other focuses on global cardiometabolic disease. Grants provide tuition and fees, a stipend, and health insurance. These NIH traineeships, open only to U.S. citizens or permanent residents, are awarded on a competitive basis and require sponsorship by a faculty member.

2. **Faculty research grants.** Department faculty members direct a large number of intervention and policy, epidemiological population-based, and biochemistry grants from the NIH and other funding agencies which may support student research assistantships.

The Gillings School of Global Public Health

Some merit-based or other scholarships are offered by the Gillings School of Global Public Health to entering PhD students on a competitive basis. Recommendations of students for these funding opportunities are made through the Nutrition Department Doctoral Committee.

The Graduate School

Merit assistantships and other scholarships are offered to entering doctoral students on a competitive basis. The Department's Doctoral Committee applies for these on behalf of the student.

The University

Students may apply for financial assistance from the Office of Scholarships and Student Aid. The Grant Source Library offers a free computerized search service to UNC graduate students. The database includes private and public sources of research funding that can be searched by the student's area of research interest or by discipline of investigator. Some agencies provide training support only, some dissertation support only and some both training and dissertation support. Students should be aware that the deadline for applying for many of these grants might precede the funding date by as long as a year. See website at: <http://fundingportal.unc.edu/>

Examples of Other Funding

The Agency for Health Care Quality (AHRQ) supports dissertation research in the area of health service delivery. Applications may be obtained from Chief, Review and Mentory Services (Dissertations), NCHSR, Parklawn Building, 5600 Fishers Lane, Room 18A-20, Rockville, MD 20857, (301) 443-3091.

Students working in the area of reproductive health or nutrition and population may be eligible for traineeships from the **Carolina Population Center**. Faculty sponsorship is necessary. Further information and application materials can be found at: <https://www.cpc.unc.edu/training/>

National Institute of General Medical Sciences (NIGMS) supports individual dissertation research. Website: <http://www.nigms.nih.gov/>

Ford Foundation Predoctoral and Dissertation Fellowships for Minorities supports research in the behavioral and social sciences. <https://sites.nationalacademies.org/pga/fordfellowships/index.htm>

Other sources of predoctoral funding include the National Science Foundation, UNC Lineberger Comprehensive Cancer Center, UNC Sheps Center, American Heart Association, and UNC Center of Health Promotion and Disease Prevention. Additional information is available via the Graduate School website at: <http://gradschool.unc.edu/funding/>

Doctoral Student Work Policy

In unique circumstances, advanced doctoral students (2nd year and beyond) may have the opportunity to work on **substantial** research, program, or clinical projects outside of the dissertation research as an opportunity to obtain additional research experience. Substantial in this case means that it is sufficiently substantial to merit additional pay and effort. It is expected that such participation would expand the student's training experience and result in a scholarly product. The experience for pay needs to be clearly justified relative to a) the gain to the student towards meeting his/her career goals as reflected in the students' Individual Development Plan (IDP), and b) not delaying the dissertation research and preferably strongly supporting the dissertation development. Please see Appendix E.

THE FACULTY MENTOR

Assignment of Mentor

It is typical that at the time of admission to the doctoral program, most students have identified the faculty member with whom they will conduct their dissertation research; that faculty member will be assigned as the student's research mentor. The Academic Coordinator will help the student select courses during the first year and second years, in conjunction with the faculty mentor. To facilitate student development, each entering PhD student and his or her mentor/mentor must set up a 3-person mentoring committee to follow the student's progress through the first 3 years of doctoral studies, or until the dissertation committee is formed (whichever comes first).

The research mentor will help students choose courses appropriate for their specialization, identify a dissertation research topic, and assist in funding. The selection of a research mentor should be based primarily on the interest of the student, the expertise that a member of the graduate faculty can provide in the research area, and a willingness by the faculty member to accept the student as a mentee. It is the mentor's responsibility to assist the graduate student in obtaining financial support for dissertation research. If the mentor holds a primary appointment in a different department, a faculty member with a primary appointment in Nutrition must be appointed as co-chair of the dissertation committee. Exception to this requirement exists when a faculty member holds a 50% appointment in the Department of Nutrition; no co-chair is required. In the case where co-chairmanship exists, the primary nutrition faculty member has the responsibility to convey information about departmental expectations and procedures for dissertation committees.

Student/Doctoral Mentor Relationship

Student/faculty communication is a mutual responsibility. The mentor serves as the major source of guidance until the dissertation committee has been chosen. During the year(s) when students are involved primarily in course work, they should meet monthly with their academic or research mentor to review progress and plan future work. Once a research project is begun, students should meet with mentors *at least* once per month. To assist in reviewing progress, appendix G is a checklist of course requirements. The checklist should be regularly updated and reviewed with the mentor. The Doctoral Committee will review the progress of all doctoral students annually and apprise faculty advisers of any problems.

Changing the Research Mentor

On rare occasions, it may be necessary for a change in the research mentor. Such a change may be initiated by the student or the research mentor. When the student desires a change in the research mentor, the student must: a) notify the current research mentor about his/her interest in making such a change; b) obtain an agreement on funding source; and c) complete a change of mentor form (available from the Academic Coordinator). No change in research mentor can occur without clear communication among the parties involved.

When the research mentor suggests such a change, the student must be given written information on the deficiencies noted and provided sufficient time (at least one semester) to remediate these deficiencies. The notification of deficiencies and student progress toward remediation will be monitored by the Nutrition Department Doctoral Committee. If the student is unable to remediate deficiencies as determined by the research mentor and certified by the Doctoral Committee, the student will be terminated as a PhD student in the Department of Nutrition.

If a research mentor can no longer serve in that role, the student will be offered the opportunity to work with another faculty member but without a guarantee of continuing the original research topic area. If the loss of the research mentor occurred following the first two years of PhD training, funding is not guaranteed.

NUTRITION DEPARTMENT COURSE REQUIREMENTS

Common Areas of Study

In close consultation with their mentors and mentoring committee, students will select a program of study prior to or within the first semester of their graduate studies. The Program of Study is based on student interests, background preparation, and career interests and goals. The Individualized Program of Study must be approved by the Doctoral Committee and meet the requirements laid out in the student handbook. Programs may be defined by methodology and/or content area. Many students will have multiple areas in which they work. Included below are examples of common areas of study for illustration. These samples are not intended to be prescriptive, but exemplary. They provide a basis for individualized programs of specialization to ensure appropriate depth according to students' areas of interests. Any of the sample programs of study can be, and often will be, augmented by various minor concentrations or certificate programs (Appendix A). Overall learning objectives are presented in Appendix B.

Translational and Biobehavioral Nutrition

For students interested in the intersection between basic laboratory research and evidence-based practice, the program of study in Translational and Biobehavioral Nutrition may include, but is not limited to research centered on converting basic nutrition knowledge into practical applications to improve human health, to increase the understanding of the development of nutrition-related diseases and disorders, and/or improving existing medical treatment regimes. This program of study can include coursework and other training to support a multitude of hypothesis-driven research topics associated with health outcomes. Areas of interest can include nutritional effects on vaccine responsiveness; ingestive behaviors relating to weight regulation; microbiome effects on behavior and weight regulation; the role of clinical nutrition as part of personalized nutrition for specific health conditions; the natural history of diabetes in youth and young adults; and bridging preclinical (cell and/or animal models) with clinical trials or epidemiologic studies. Students may wish to consider an extension beyond the PhD program to include training to become a registered dietitian. Graduates with these interests may go on to conduct research in academic or other settings including industry, government or research institutes, or health care systems. This area of study typically includes completion of the Translational Medicine Certificate: <http://www.med.unc.edu/transmed>. A minor in Health Behavior is also available.

Community or Behavioral Interventions

For students interested in community-based or individual level behavioral interventions, including multi-component interventions, the program of study will have a strong emphasis on theory-based interventions at the individual, community, or environmental levels to improve health and nutrition outcomes. This includes interventions related to diet, physical activity, and behavior change for the prevention or treatment of chronic diseases. Training in both qualitative and quantitative methods provides students with the skills to develop and evaluate programs. Graduates with these interests conduct intervention and evaluation research in academic settings and other settings such as state and federal governments, industry, and public health administration. Courses of study include training in both general intervention methods and specific nutrition intervention content. A minor in Health Behavior is available.

Global Nutrition

For students interested in global nutrition, the program of study will focus on global health, including issues such as health disparities, maternal and child health around the world, food insecurity, obesity or other nutrition-related non-communicable diseases, and strategies for creating a healthy global food system and food environment. Students interested in global nutrition may also complete formal requirements for the UNC Department of Epidemiology minor but could equally create specializations related to global nutrition policy or interventions. Training prepares doctoral students in rigorous and innovative methods for work in academic and other settings including governmental and non-governmental organizations. Students may develop a specialization in global nutrition by taking International Nutrition (NUTR 745) and may choose from a wide variety of global health courses offered in other departments. For a comprehensive listing of UNC global health-focused courses, see <https://sph.unc.edu/global-health/global-health-content-courses/>

Nutritional Metabolism and Nutrigenomics

For students interested in the basic science of nutrition, the program of study would focus on mechanisms of nutrient action in human health and disease from a biochemical, cellular and/or molecular perspective. Ongoing research focuses on epigenetics; nutrigenetics; oxidants and antioxidant; growth factors; adipocyte biology; lipid metabolism; cellular physiology and signaling; nutritional influences on brain development; genetics of obesity and exercise; nutritional influences on immune function; and the molecular biology of nutrient-related diseases like obesity, diabetes, atherosclerosis and cancer. Graduates of our department with these interests are currently research scientists and professors at universities and scientists in government and industry research laboratories. In addition to courses in the Department of Nutrition, students in this area frequently take courses in other basic science departments. The Department of Nutrition is part of the Biological and Biomedical Sciences Program (BBSP) and therefore students can take advantage of their services as well, <http://bbsp.unc.edu/>

Nutrition Epidemiology

For students interested in epidemiology and population health, the program of study would focus on determining the contribution (protective and detrimental) of diet- or obesity-related factors to the development of diseases, analyzing the role of nutrition and obesity in growth and development, understanding the determinants and consequences of nutrition-related trends, and trying to intervene at the population level to change diets and/or reduce obesity and/or nutrition-related other diseases. Relevant areas of research may include genetic epidemiology and interactions of food and genetic factors, microbiome and metabolomics studies, environmental and chemical exposures as they relate to diet and diet-related health consequences. Work in this area often includes sophisticated analytical methods to investigate nutrition-related exposures and outcomes. Students will typically complete formal requirements for the UNC Department of Epidemiology minor. Upon graduation, students with these skills conduct epidemiological research related to nutrition in academic, research, and government centers at the national and international level. Epidemiology Minor: <http://sph.unc.edu/epid/epid-minoring-in-epidemiology/>

Nutrition Policy

For students interested in policy, the program of study would have emphasis on basic principles of nutrition and health policy, including potential topics such as influences on national dietary intake data, impact of taxation on unhealthy food purchase and consumption, and food security and sustainable food systems. Students in this area must have methodological expertise in one analytic area such as nutrition epidemiology, health economics, economics, sociometrics, psychometrics or measurement and analysis related to one of several methodological subspecialties related to health behavior. Graduates with these interests conduct research in academic settings and advise policy makers in state and federal governments, industry, and public health administration. Policy relevant courses that students may want to consider as electives include NUTR 805 Nutrition Policy, NUTR 818 Analytic Methods in Nutrition Epidemiology, HPM 715 Health Economics for Policy and Management, HPM/PLCY 881 Linear Regression, 882 Advanced Methodology in Health Policy and Management, 883 Analysis of Categorical Data, HPM 765 (cross-listed with EPID 772 & HBEH 765) Cancer Prev & Control; MHCH 862: Program Impact Eval; HBEH 761 Generalized linear modeling with health behavior applications; HBEH 762 Multilevel modeling with applications to health behavior.

Coursework and Research Requirements

Normally, students should plan to meet all of their core and specialization course requirements during the first two and half years of graduate study. Some students may wish to complete the majority of their requirements in the first year. Others may wish to combine core requirements with some research experience and/or elective courses, and thus, spread core requirements over two to three years. However, students must take prerequisites for core courses in the first year. Students should consult with the Academic Coordinator to determine what sequence of courses will best meet their goals. Students with prior coursework with content and rigor comparable to what is in required courses may request transfer credit or an exemption from the core requirement. An exemption from the SPHG 600 requirement must be granted by the Gillings School of Global Public Health based on the criteria posted here: <https://sph.unc.edu/students/academic-and-policies/>. Requests

to transfer or exempt other course requirements require approval by the Department of Nutrition Doctoral Committee and must adhere to the policies set forth by The Graduate School in their Handbook.

Core Requirements: 26-27 credit hours

The following are required for all PhD students in the Department of Nutrition

School of Public Health Core Course

SPHG 600 Introduction to Public Health (3 credits)

Department of Nutrition Core Courses

NUTR 600 Human Metabolism: Macronutrients (3 credits)
NUTR 620 Human Metabolism: Micronutrients (3 credits)
NUTR 885 Doctoral Seminar (2 credits/semester, 2 semesters total)
NUTR 813* Nutritional Epidemiology (3 credits)
NUTR 770 Nutrition Interventions (3 credits)
NUTR 785 Graduate Teaching Experience (1 credit)
NUTR 880 Elements of Being a Scientist (3 credits)

Choose one of the following 4 Biostatistics Courses:**

BIOS 545 Principles of Experimental Analysis (3 credits)
BIOS 600 Principles of Statistical Inference (3 credits)
BIOS 610 Biostatistics for Laboratory Scientists (3 credits)
BBSP 610 Biostatistics for Laboratory Sciences (3 credits)

***NUTR 813 may be substituted by:**

EPID 710 Fundamentals of Epidemiology (4 credits) for students minoring in Epidemiology

** Check prerequisite course requirements for other SPH courses to guide your choice

Specialization Requirements (minimum of 25 credit hours)

Specialization Course Requirement (minimum of 9 credit hours)

Student must define a speciality area and, along with their mentor, select courses to develop depth within the chosen area of specialization.

Specialization Research Skills (NUTR 910 – minimum of 16 credit hours)

Students are also required to develop research skills within their specialty area by engaging in their mentor's ongoing research program and/or taking additional coursework to gain research skills.

During the term in which the proposal defense occurs and thereafter, students enroll each semester in NUTR 994: Dissertation (3 credits). Per Graduate School policy, 3 credit hours of NUT 994 constitutes full time enrollment, and students should complete at least 2 full semesters of NUTR 994 before becoming eligible to graduate.

Depending on their funding source, students may need to be enrolled in a summer session for 0 credit hours. Students should consult the Academic Coordinator to determine if/when this is necessary.

Courses in BOLD are required prior to taking the Comprehensive Exam.

TOTAL CREDITS REQUIRED FOR GRADUATION: 26 (Core) + 9 (Specialization courses) + 16 (Research skill development and additional specialization work) = 51 credits. Note this is minimal credit requirement. Programs of study often exceed 60 credit hours.

While enrolled in NUTR 885, all incoming doctoral students will be required to successfully complete the Collaborative Institutional Training Initiative (CITI) training during their first year along with the National Institute

of Health “Responsible Conduct of Research (RCR) ethics training, which is required at least every four (4) years. CITI training is required before a student can engage in research so should be completed immediately if the student plans to work with data or on research projects at UNC. Both CITI and RCR must be completed before taking the doctoral comprehensive examination.

<http://research.unc.edu/offices/human-research-ethics/getting-started/training/>

Doctoral students enroll in NUTR 880 after they have passed the doctoral comprehensive exam. This course focuses on key elements that contribute to a successful career as a scientific researcher. As part of the NIH “Responsible Conduct of Research (RCR)” that must be updated at least every four (4) years, students will satisfy the RCR refresher course requirement as part of NUTR 880. The RCR training must be completed before a student can defend their dissertation oral proposal defense.

OTHER DEPARTMENT REQUIREMENTS

Teaching Experience

Each student will gain teaching experience by working with a nutrition faculty member to teach components of a 3-credit hour nutrition course or equivalent course. This involves: 1) preparing and giving two lectures, (2) preparing the reading list for these two lectures, (3) attending some of the course lectures, and (4) evaluating students with the course instructor. The course instructor will give teaching students a written evaluation of their work in the course and send a copy to the student services manager. All students will be required to register for NUTR 785 (1-credit) to earn credit for their teaching experience.

The Center for Faculty Excellence (CFE: <http://cfe.unc.edu/>) offers help for students who desire additional instruction on teaching. During orientation each fall, CFE offers various workshops on leading discussions, making up exams, grading, slides, etc.

Doctoral Comprehensive Examination

The underlying philosophy which guides the structure of our doctoral training program in nutrition is that students who earn a PhD in nutrition at UNC-CH should have basic knowledge and understanding of nutrition as it relates to metabolism, epidemiology, policies and interventions, as well as deeper knowledge in the student’s chosen area of training. Along with Core course requirements and the student’s specialization coursework, the comprehensive exam is designed to test competency and critical thinking skills in all of these areas. The comprehensive exam contains two sections:

Integrative Section

The integrative section of the comprehensive exam tests the student’s ability to put a research question in a broader context, that is, to show an understanding of the basic biology, epidemiology and intervention/policy implications of a nutrition issue. This format is a realistic one for students, who should be able, upon completion of their education, to cogently present and discuss their work in a broad context. For example, in writing the background and significance for a grant proposal, a nutrition epidemiologist needs to be able to explain the underlying biological rationale for the diet-disease relationship under study, and to explain how advancing knowledge will inform interventions or policies to improve health. The researcher need not be an expert in all of these areas, but will need to know how to read and effectively use the literature to integrate the concepts.

The integrative exam is written and evaluated by the Comprehensive Exam Committee (see description below). It is an open book, take-home examination with a prescribed word limit. Students will have 4 days to complete the exam. Students may use library resources, and the exam will test their ability to integrate and interpret information from multiple relevant sources. If the exam committee judges that any portion of essay is inadequate for a passing grade, the student will be given feedback and an opportunity to respond to the critiques- within an assigned time period. The exam committee will provide specific guidance on the extent of revisions required. If, after revision, the exam is still inadequate for a passing grade, the student must retake the examination the next time it is offered (typically in the following school year). A student who fails the second

attempt may petition the Graduate School to retake the exam. The Nutrition Department Doctoral Committee and the Department Chair must support the petition before a student may proceed in the program.

Specialization Section

The specialization exam consists of a 3 hour closed book written examination followed several days later by an oral exam. The student's mentoring committee will be responsible for administering the specialization exam, designed to test knowledge and critical thinking skills in the student's chosen program of study. The mentoring committee and student should discuss the scope and content area for the exam well in advance of the scheduled examination. For the purpose of administering the specialization exam, the student's mentor will be permitted to contribute to exam development, but the final determination of the outcome of the exam. The oral exam is completed after the mentoring committee has assessed the student's written exam, and it is designed to probe further in areas that may be deficient. A pass/fail decision on the specialization exam is based on both the written and oral examinations. A student who fails the specialization exam is required to retake the exam at a future date determined by the exam committee. A student who fails the second attempt must petition the Graduate School in order to retake the exam. The Nutrition Department Doctoral Committee and the Department Chair must support the petition by the exam committee.

Comprehensive Exam Committee

There will be a Comprehensive Exam Committee comprised of 3-4 individuals across affinity areas. The Comprehensive Exam Committee will be responsible for:

- Communicating with faculty advisors about the specialization exam requirements, dates, and policies
- Reviewing rigor across all exams. There may be multiple students who can take the same interest-specific exam. Mentoring committees may coordinate their efforts to write examination questions.
- Developing, administering, and grading the integrative exam.

A student must pass the specialization and integrative sections of the comprehensive exam before eligibility for doctoral candidacy can be determined. Doctoral candidacy is required before the student can defend his/her dissertation proposal.

Eligibility to take the comprehensive exams

All students must enroll full-time in the department of Nutrition for at least one academic year before taking the comprehensive exam. Before a student is eligible to take the comprehensive exam, he/she must have completed the following: CITI training, NUTR 600, 620, NUTR 770, NUTR 813, BIOS 545 or 600 or 610, and 4 credit hours of NUTR 885. All students must earn a grade of "P" or higher in each course to be eligible to take the exam.

Students are expected to take the comprehensive examination in the second year of the doctoral program. In rare circumstances a student might be eligible to take the exam at the end of the first year. Students wishing to take the exam at the end of the first year in the program are required to obtain permission from their faculty mentor and the doctoral committee.

Students who fail or earn a low pass "L" in a required course must retake the course once in order to earn the required grade. A student who fails or earns a low pass a second time will be ineligible to take the doctoral comprehensive exam.

Structure of the exam

Traditionally, exams will be given at the end of the spring semester of the second year. Exact timing may vary slightly based on weekends, holidays, etc. Per Graduate School policy, students must be enrolled during the term in which the comprehensive exam is administered. It is the students' responsibility to seek clarification on the timing, dates, and locations of these exams and to be available for all components, including the oral exams. If a student wishes to travel during the exam period, they must discuss this with the doctoral committee chair (not the student's mentor). All students take the integrative examination at the same time. The usual schedule is for distribution of the exam on a Monday morning with return of completed exam on Thursday at 4 pm. The written

and oral sections of the specialization exam are individually scheduled by the student and the mentoring committee

Students with disabilities/chronic medical conditions should work with Accessibility Resources & Service (<https://ars.unc.edu/>) for consideration of special accommodations several months in advance for their comprehensive examination.

SELECTION OF THE DISSERTATION COMMITTEE

Composition

After passing the comprehensive examination, the research faculty mentor and student will choose a dissertation committee. The dissertation committee must have at least five members, one of whom (the faculty research mentor) is named the chair. Please refer to The Graduate School Handbook (<https://handbook.unc.edu/phd.html>) for policy regarding the Dissertation Committee Composition.

The chair and at least two other members must hold a primary or joint appointment in the Department of Nutrition. Each committee must include at least one tenured NUTR faculty member to serve on the dissertation committee in addition to the mentor. This person should be from a different research group than is of focus of the dissertation. In addition, any student completing a minor, for example in Epidemiology, must have a faculty member from the department providing the Minor on the dissertation committee.

At least three committee members must be full members of the Graduate Faculty. Committee members who are not full members of the Graduate Faculty (fixed term UNC faculty and/or individuals from other institutions who may hold adjunct appointments at UNC-CH) may be appointed with approval of the Graduate School. Students should speak with the Academic Coordinator regarding this process. Members are selected because their fields of expertise are particularly relevant to the student's research. Students are encouraged to include at least one member from outside the Department of Nutrition. The Academic Coordinator will review the dissertation committee to ensure that it meets minimum requirements before it is approved by the Doctoral Committee and Graduate School. Once the committee is appointed, changes or substitutions among the members require additional approvals. The Doctoral Committee must approve the initial composition of the committee and any requested substitutions of committee members. A written request should be submitted to the Academic Coordinator in an email. This email will be sent to the doctoral committee for consideration. The email should include the tentative dissertation title, a brief description of the dissertation (1-2 sentences), and the names of all committee members. The email must include a brief description of the expertise of any proposed committee member who is not a full member of the graduate faculty in the Department of Nutrition.

Functions

Doctoral students should consult with members of their dissertation committee at frequent intervals throughout the progress of their research. At a minimum, students are required to complete a yearly IDP (Appendix E) and meet with each committee member at least once each semester during the research and dissertation-writing stage. Each student should have several formal meetings with their committee. The actual number and content of these meetings is left to the discretion of each research mentor, but a minimum of three meetings is suggested.

The first formal meeting should be held when the dissertation committee is established. The agenda usually includes a review of the student's previous educational and working experiences, courses taken while in the doctoral program, and ideas for dissertation research. During this meeting, additional ways to develop the student's area of expertise are discussed and agreed upon. The second formal meeting would be an oral defense of the dissertation proposal. The last formal meeting is the private dissertation defense and public seminar. An interim meeting to discuss progress of the dissertation is recommended during the period when the student is conducting dissertation research.

THE DISSERTATION PROPOSAL AND PROPOSAL DEFENSE

Dissertation Proposal

A student who has passed the doctoral comprehensive examination and completed components of the NIH RCR training as part of NUTR 885 and NUTR 880 is eligible to begin working on the dissertation proposal. The doctoral candidate cannot begin work on the dissertation (e.g., collecting data, formal analysis of data) until the dissertation committee has approved the student's direction of research. While in some cases, the collection of pilot data or preliminary analyses might be completed prior to the proposal defense, these analyses and data collection are considered preliminary and not part of the dissertation research. Thus, the formal dissertation research should follow the satisfactory proposal defense. The student is responsible for bringing the official paperwork to be signed by the dissertation committee members to the proposal defense for committee signatures.

The proposal must include a survey of the research literature, a statement of research objective(s), a detailed description of the research methods, and the significance of the proposed research. Before any data are collected, research involving human subjects must have the approval of the student's faculty adviser and the Institutional Review Board for the Protection of Human Subjects (IRB). Animal studies must be approved by the Institutional Animal Care and Use Committee (IUCAC).

The selection of a dissertation topic should be a joint decision between student and mentor. The doctoral program is often the one opportunity that a developing scientist has to pursue research with the guidance and help of an mentor. Students usually learn the most if their research area is one in which their mentor is expert. Students cannot assume that their mentor is an expert in all topics or that the mentor will become an expert in whatever topic the student chooses. Generally, the closer a student's topic to the mentor's area of expertise, the more the student will learn.

Dissertation Proposal Defense

Students usually defend their dissertation proposal during year 3. After satisfactory completion of the comprehensive examination, the student must conduct a dissertation proposal defense. Ordinarily, the student prepares a presentation of the proposal, and committee members pose questions and issues for discussion. Students should consult with their committee members as the proposal is developed and a draft of the proposal should be submitted to the committee members for review at least two weeks before the proposal defense. Either the student or the student's research adviser shall notify every member of the Dissertation Committee as to the purpose, time and place of the proposal. The five members of the Dissertation Committee must be present for the oral examination. A pass will be based on the presentation of an acceptable proposal and on the demonstration of a satisfactory level of knowledge in the subject matter of the dissertation and related areas. The student must receive a "pass" from a 2/3 majority of the members of the Dissertation Committee. A student who fails the proposal defense will be given a second opportunity. Students who fail a second time are ineligible to continue in the Graduate School. The student is responsible for bringing the official paperwork to be signed by the dissertation committee members to the proposal defense for committee signatures.

Changes to the Dissertation Proposal

Students should begin registering for NUTR 994 Doctoral Dissertation credits during the semester in which they plan to defend their proposal, and each semester thereafter. If, during the course of the dissertation research, the student must make changes that result in a substantial difference in the dissertation, the student must receive approval from a 2/3 majority of the members of the Dissertation Committee. A substantial difference includes use of different datasets, different research questions, and substantially different methods that would result in a paper or papers that would be substantially different from what was originally proposed. Such approval is necessary before any work on the revised dissertation begins. The approval process includes a memo of no more than 1-page to be submitted to committee members. The document must include a rationale for the change in research direction as well as the substantial changes proposed.

Changes to the Dissertation Committee

Once a dissertation committee is constituted, changes to the committee require formal approval. The first step is a meeting among the THREE (or more) regular Nutrition Faculty Members of the dissertation committee to discuss and agree with any compositional changes to the dissertation committee. A statement to this effect needs to be sent from dissertation committee chair to the Academic Coordinator and copying the doctoral committee chair AND all three primary faculty dissertation committee members describing the need for such a change. These requests will be reviewed by the PhD Committee. The change to the dissertation committee must also be approved by the Graduate School. Such changes should not occur close to the time of the final dissertation defense as the role of the committee is to guide the student's dissertation research, although exceptions may occur in the event that a committee member leaves the university.

FINAL DISSERTATION DEFENSE AND APPLICATION FOR DEGREE

The Dissertation

Through conceptualizing, planning and executing research and through the experience of writing a proposal and dissertation, the doctoral student learns some of the most important skills of a modern scientist. Scientists need these skills to succeed. The learning that is done through completing the dissertation distinguishes a doctoral student from a master's student. The dissertation indicates that the candidate has mastered research methodology, has a grasp of the historical and theoretical aspects of the research topic, has contributed new knowledge, and has successfully accomplished the goals and objectives outlined in the dissertation proposal. The student is required to register for NUTR 994 Doctoral Dissertation (3-credits) each semester until graduation. It is the student's responsibility to register for these courses.

Format of the Dissertation

The dissertation should include a set of related manuscripts united by an appropriate review of the literature, an expanded methods section, and an overall synthesis of the research findings and discussion of significance and direction for future research. See the following guidelines for preparation of a dissertation.

1. Each manuscript should be of the quality and length usually expected for publication in a peer reviewed scientific journal.
2. A minimum of two research papers must be included, but three papers are recommended. These may include methodological papers, but must include at least one paper presenting major, substantive research results.
3. A high quality review paper of sufficient merit for publication may substitute for the literature review, but unless special justification is provided this will not count as one of the two required papers.
4. An expanded methods section may be included if the manuscripts do not contain details of the methods or if the student needs to show additional validation of the methods that were used. Additional detailed methods and results may be presented in appendices.
5. Introduction and synthesis chapters should reflect the entire body of research reflected in the dissertation, that is, they should synthesize across the individual papers. They should provide (not necessarily in the following order):
 - a. Background and literature review
 - b. An overview of the major research findings
 - c. A discussion of significance: how the research contributes to the field, how it confirms previous work or breaks new ground, the context in which the research should be placed and/or where appropriate, a discussion of the health/nutrition/public health/policy significance of the work

- d. A discussion of the major strengths and weaknesses of the work
- e. Directions for future research

The dissertation should include at least two first-authored papers, which must have been submitted to journals before the dissertation defense. If the student's research forms part of a large multi-center project with a publication committee that must approve all journal submissions, submission to this committee is acceptable. A student's committee can petition the Doctoral Committee for deviations from this policy when the deviation is scientifically justified. The doctoral candidate is expected to assume the role of lead author, exercising responsibilities and decision-making prerogatives with advice from the dissertation committee chair. Authorship recommendations from the scientific editors of the major health sciences journals serve as the guidelines for this process. The doctoral mentor is responsible for assisting in negotiating authorship issues, particularly in the case of multi-site collaborations, and for studies that have established publication and authorship policies. (See Appendix F).

Dissertation Defense

When the student has completed a draft of the dissertation, and the doctoral committee has certified that all other degree requirements have been met, the dissertation defense may be scheduled.

The student should ensure their dissertation committee members receive a copy of their dissertation final draft at least two weeks prior to their proposed date of defense to ensure enough time is given for proper review.

It is the student's responsibility to schedule the dissertation defense and notify the department at least 2 weeks prior to the defense date so that it may be advertised appropriately within the department. Students must work around the scheduling of required nutrition courses to avoid scheduling conflicts with the public presentation. Students should include the title of their dissertation, time, date, and location of the defense, the abstract, and a list of their committee members via email to the Academic Coordinator in this notification.

At the dissertation presentation, the student presents a 40-50 minute seminar with a 10-20 minute question and answer session to discuss the methods, results and significance of the dissertation research. This will constitute the final dissertation defense. All committee members must sign the final dissertation form, which should be picked up from the Academic Coordinator prior to the presentation. The committee may, at the time of the final defense, but not later, require revisions to the dissertation before it can be submitted to the Graduate School.

The Graduate School will accept only dissertations produced according to the standards in *A Guide to Theses and Dissertations* (<http://gradschool.unc.edu/academics/thesis-diss/>). Dissertations must be prepared in a form consistent with approved methods of scholarly writing and research. On matters of form, the student should also consult published manuals of style. It is suggested that a draft copy of the dissertation be pre-approved by Graduate School staff well before the submission deadline. Dissertations must be submitted electronically to the Graduate School according to the schedule in the University Registrar's Calendar.

Application for Degree

When a student nears the end of their research and can anticipate final approval of the dissertation, they must complete an online application for graduation. The student must file a new application for the degree if they do not graduate as planned. Such applications must be filed by the deadline provided by the Registrar. Students will notify the Graduate School of their plan to graduate by applying online through the ConnectCarolina student portal.

As students prepare for their final defense, they should schedule an exit interview with the Department Chair to take place following completion. The goal of the exit interview is to collect candid feedback from each graduate that will help us improve the doctoral program.

Students should monitor applicable deadlines for completion and submission of the dissertation according to the

Graduate School, consulting the Academic Coordinator as questions arise.

Time Limitation

A minimum of 12-months must lapse between defense of the dissertation proposal and the final defense of the dissertation unless an alternate time line is approved by the PhD Committee. All requirements for the degree must be completed within eight years from the date of first registration in the Graduate School. An extension of the degree time limit may be granted upon petition to the Dean of the Graduate School.

MONITORING STUDENT PROGRESS

In order to provide important support of the student-mentor relationship and to insure that all doctoral students are adequately prepared to advance in the program, all doctoral students will have an initial mentoring committee established prior to or early in each student's first semester in the program. The mentoring committee consists of the primary mentor and two additional faculty members.

The purpose of the committee is to review the Program of Study for the student in terms of coursework, research, and the mentor-student relationship. The mentoring committee also serves as the specialization examination committee. The committee should meet at least once per year until the formation of the dissertation committee, at which point the mentoring committee will disband or become part of the dissertation committee. Typically, the annual meetings will occur at the end of the 2nd semester after grades are posted. The Committee Report Form, IDP, and Course Plan should be submitted to the Academic Coordinator after each meeting. Reports must be submitted before the fall of the next semester. (See Appendix C) Additional interim mentoring meetings are encouraged.

Mentoring committee meetings should include the following minimal structure: 1) discussion among committee members without the student; 2) discussion with the student and all members of the committee; and 3) a discussion with two-faculty committee members and the student without the student's mentor.

At each annual meeting, the mentoring committee will assess whether the student is progressing well in coursework, research, and student-mentor relationship.

The primary mechanism for monitoring student progress is through the IDP. (Appendix E). Each student will complete an IDP: the template is available online through <http://myidp.sciencecareers.org/>. This will become an evolving document that is updated each year to reflect each student's stage in the training program. The IDP will be part of an ongoing monitoring system to track potential problems in a student's program. Students should submit the IDP to their mentoring committee for review prior to each annual committee meeting.

Once the dissertation committee is formed, students should continue to update the IDP and meet with their dissertation mentor (and co-mentor if the student has a co-mentor) to review the IDP and set goals for the year.

The mentoring committee (prior to formation of the dissertation committee), and then the dissertation committee are responsible for reviewing student progress in the program and discussing future plans; identifying and discussing any concerns with an eye toward successful and timely progress in the program; providing feedback on the student's academic year; answering any questions the student might have; and hearing the student's assessment. Following mentoring meetings, the student will prepare a brief summary statement of the dissertation mentor's recommendations and forward an electronic copy of the IDP and the summary statement to the student services manager. The doctoral committee will review student progress at the end of each academic year relative to the IDP.

Concerns should be documented in writing in order to retain the "memory" of the committee. If a serious concern exists, the committee could meet more often, introduce a mediator, and/or suggest another mentor. If student's progress or mentor's involvement is not satisfactory, the student will be presented with defined milestones and

benchmarks to be clearly met to mark progress.

At the department level, ongoing monitoring will be used to track student progress. The purpose of monitoring is early identification of problems, so that they may be remediated in a timely fashion. Monitoring will include both continuous and periodic monitoring as noted in Appendix E.

Students failing to make adequate progress will be notified and appropriate actions will be made.

As students prepare for their final defense, they should also schedule an exit interview with the Department Chair to take place following completion. The goal of the exit interview is to collect candid feedback from each graduate that will help the department to improve the doctoral program.

APPENDICES

APPENDIX A – Minors

Several formal minor degree-training programs are available. In most cases, a formal minor requires 15-credits and a dissertation, which is related to the minor. A few examples are listed below:

Epidemiology Minor

Students must obtain an official minor in epidemiology, as part of the joint Nutrition Epidemiology program. The following criteria must be met to declare a minor in Epidemiology:

The Epidemiology department's Graduate Studies Committee has established a set of guidelines as to what constitutes a minor in this department. The following criteria must be met to declare a minor in Epidemiology:

- Doctoral level status
- Minimum of 15 credits hours in EPID
- EPID 710, EPID 712 **and** EPID 715/EPID 716 (co-requisites), with the remainder of credits in any other
- **substantive** epidemiology courses.
- [EPID 705 is a pre-requisite for EPID 715, but does not count toward the minor.] Do not list this course on your minor declaration form.] EPID 718 is not required for the minor nor does it count towards the minor.

Additional Criteria:

- EPID 600 hours will not count toward a minor in epidemiology.
- Neither independent study hours nor research hours will count toward an epidemiology minor.
- No transfer courses will count toward an epidemiology minor.
- Courses applied to the minor must be exclusive of courses applied toward the degree.
- The EPID Academic Coordinator will assist in the planning of appropriate courses.
- A minor mentor is not required.
- Approval of the minor must be verified by the Department of Epidemiology, Office of Student Services, prior to declaring the minor. A form required for declaring the minor is available from the Student Services Office. The form must be signed by the major mentor and the Department of Epidemiology's Assistant to the Chair for Graduate Studies. **The student must file a copy with the Department of Epidemiology Student Services Office and the student's major department. The student is responsible for filing the original with The Graduate School.**
- Graduate School policy requires that the dissertation committee include at least one faculty member from the minor program.
- Effective Fall 2005, students must earn a grade of P or better in courses applying to the minor.
- The Department's "L" grade policy applies to core methods courses for all minor students.
- **Any student with an EPID minor must have an Epidemiology Regular Faculty member on their dissertation committee.**

“L” Grade Policy:

The following policy applies to a grade of L in an Epidemiology “core methods” course (i.e., EPID 705, EPID 710, EPID 712, EPID 715, EPID 716, EPID 718, and EPID 722):

A grade of L in a core methods course requires that a meeting among the student, the mentor, the course instructor, and the Student Services Office take place within two weeks. The purpose of the meeting is to ascertain the factors associated with the poor performance and to implement the steps described below. The student’s mentor is responsible for initiating this meeting at the earliest convenience of all involved.

Students who receive a grade of L in a core methods course must re-take the course and receive a minimum of a P, unless exempted as described below.

The student is expected to retake the course – or to be granted an exemption by the GSC – within one year of taking the core methods course that resulted in an L grade. If this time line is not met the student must ask his/her mentor to present an alternative time line to the GSC.

The time line for a student’s Intradepartmental Review is not affected by an L grade.

Students who take a core methods course as part of a minor in epidemiology are required to adhere to the L grade policy of the Department of Epidemiology.

Conditional advancement to a higher-level course for a student who receives a grade of L in a core methods course. Students who receive a grade of L in a core methods course may advance to the pertinent higher-level methods course in epidemiology (prior to re-taking the course in which they received an L) only if approved by the instructor of the higher-level course and endorsed by the student’s mentor.

Exemption from the requirement to re-take a core methods course.

A high performance in the higher-level course (above the 85th percentile) allows the student to submit a request to the GSC to be exempted from having to re-take the lower level course graded as ‘low pass’ (L).

Questions should be directed to: epidemiology@unc.edu.

Exercise Physiology Minor

Students may obtain an official minor in exercise physiology. The objective of the minor is to allow the nutrition student to understand the relationship of nutrition and exercise and provide skills needed to conduct research on the nutritional aspects of exercise. The student will select an Exercise Physiology faculty member as a minor adviser. This faculty member will also serve as a dissertation committee member. Students should complete their dissertation on a topic related to nutrition and exercise physiology. Fifteen credits of exercise physiology-related course work are required as part of this minor. Any student with an EXSS minor must have an EXSS Regular Faculty member on their dissertation committee. The course requirements for this minor are:

EXSS 780Physiology of Exercise (4 credits)

EXSS 782Nutritional Aspects of Exercise (3 credits)

EXSS 783Assessment of Physiological Functions in Exercise (3 credits)

The six remaining required credits are electives chosen from among the following courses:

EPID 735Epidemiology of Cardiovascular Disease (3 credits)

EXSS 410Exercise Testing and Prescription (3 credits)

EXSS 781Clinical Exercise Testing and Prescription (3 credits)

EXSS 785Seminar in Exercise Physiology (3 credits)

EXSS 789Practicum in Exercise Physiology (3 credits)

EXSS 890Special Topics in Physical Education (3 credits)

EXSS 990Research in Physical Education (3 credits)

Health Behavior Minor

A minor in Health Behavior provides a student with a variety of courses including selected social and behavioral science theories that apply to the analysis of health-related behaviors and intervention strategies. The development and evaluation of health promotion and disease prevention interventions, evaluation of paradigms, and methods of process and outcome evaluations will also be examined.

Doctoral students in other departments who wish to earn a minor in Health Behavior must have a Health Behavior faculty member as a minor advisor who will also serve on the student's Doctoral Dissertation Committee.

Students will undertake a minimum of 15 credit hours of Health Behavior courses, including the following required coursework:

- HBEH 730 Theoretical Foundations of Behavior and Social Science (Fall, 3 cr.)
 - Theory is a pre-req to HBEH 816. Those who have already taken an equivalent theory course may request exemption and will take another HBEH course in lieu of HBEH 730
- HBEH 815 Foundations of Health Behavior I (Fall, 3 cr.)
- HBEH 816 Foundations of Health Behavior II (Spring, 3 cr.)
- HBEH 811 Development and Evaluation of Health Promotion and Disease Prevention Interventions, (Fall, 3 cr.)
 - HBEH 760 Advanced Research Methods I (Fall, 3 cr.) or its equivalent is a prerequisite for HBEH 811 (and can count towards the 15 credit requirement)
- HBEH Elective (3 cr.)

Note: if an above HBEH course is cross-listed with another department, the student must register for the HBEH course so that the course can be applied to the Minor requirements.

If undertaking a Health Behavior Minor, complete the following Graduate School Minor form:

<https://gradschool.unc.edu/documents/minordeclaration.pdf> After the required signatures have been obtained, send a copy of the completed form to your home department and to the Health Behavior Academic Coordinator. The form will be filed with the Graduate School by the student's home department. Any subsequent course selection changes will require the update to be approved by Health Behavior and filed with the Graduate School.

APPENDIX B – Learning Objectives and Competencies

The doctoral degree prepares graduates for leadership in academic and related settings, which emphasize teaching and research. PhD students conduct original research culminating in a dissertation that expands the boundaries of nutrition knowledge, theory, or methodology. PhD students are expected to gain and demonstrate basic competency in nutritional biochemistry, nutrition epidemiology, nutrition intervention and policy, research design, and methodology. Although the degree requirements diverge in the areas of research and specialization, all doctoral students share core-learning objectives and competencies.

Stated Learning Objectives

The doctoral committee and Associate Chair review and revise learning objectives during each academic year, and these are included as part of the doctoral handbook for incoming students. The learning objectives reflect the departmental approach abroad core training in nutrition, in addition to specialization in a student's program of study.

Upon satisfactory completion of the PhD program in the Department of Nutrition, all graduates will be able to:

- Describe the basic principles of nutritional biochemistry and the biological mechanisms underlying the relationships between nutrient intakes, nutrient utilization, genetic factors, disease development, and health maintenance.
- Describe the relationship between nutritional biochemistry and normal cell function.
- Explain the implications of nutritional biochemistry on disease processes such as:
 - The etiology and pathogenesis of under- and over-nutrition
 - Multi-factorial chronic diseases such as hypertension, cardiovascular disease, diabetes mellitus, cancer, and osteoporosis
 - Specific nutrient deficiency diseases such as anemias and vitamin and mineral deficiencies
- Describe determinants of dietary intake.
- Evaluate the major approaches to improving the nutritional status of populations through public policy and programs.
- Describe theoretical models of behavior change as applied to interventions to improve diet, nutrition, and health.
- Describe how socioeconomic, demographic, and biological factors interact to affect dietary behaviors in large populations.
- Describe, from an epidemiological perspective, how dietary intake and nutritional status interact with other socioeconomic, demographic, and biological factors to affect health outcomes.
- Formulate an original research question.
- Evaluate alternate research designs and methods in laboratory, clinical, population-based, or community settings where nutritional factors act as either exposures or outcomes.
- Develop and carry out an independent research project, including management of project design, data management, statistical analysis, hypothesis testing, and results interpretation.
- Communicate study results in papers suitable for scholarly journals.

PhD Competencies in Nutrition

Competencies define what students should know and be able to do upon completion of their degree program. Competencies guide our curriculum planning process and serve as a measure against which student achievement is assessed. Listed below are the degree-specific competencies for the PhD in Nutrition:

- Demonstrate knowledge of nutritional biochemistry and biological mechanisms underlying the relationships between nutrients and health.
- Demonstrate competence in fundamentals of public health, including biostatistics, epidemiology, nutrition behavior and policy and how this content is used in research.

- Demonstrate specialized knowledge in selected research competency areas.
- Exhibit effective teaching and presentation skills.
- Demonstrate mastery of research methodology, explain historical and theoretical aspects of the research topic, contribute new knowledge and successfully accomplish the goals and objectives in the dissertation proposal.

APPENDIX D – Individual Development Plan for Doctoral Students

UNC Doctoral Student Individual Development Plan

The student may use this form or complete an IDP online through <http://myidp.sciencecareers.org/> and meet with the faculty mentor annually to review and discuss. This is an evolving form that will be updated at the start of each academic year. The faculty mentor must sign off on the completed form by June 1st of each year and submit electronic copy to Academic Coordinator.

As per <http://grants.nih.gov/grants/guide/notice-files/NOT-OD-14-113.html> all students must have an IDP.

Name: _____

Date: _____

Date of Grad. School Entry: _____

Date Comps taken/passed: _____ Date proposal defended/passed _____

Professional/Career Objective:

(e.g., position within Academia, Industry, Government, Other-specify):

1 st choice		
2 nd choice		

Mentor:

Please list your primary faculty mentor who will enhance the training experience by supporting your development in various skill sets.

Mentor	

Optional Secondary Mentor:

In cases where students are undertaking trans-disciplinary topics it is likely that students will have a secondary mentor, this section will be left blank if there is only one mentor

Mentor 2	

The IDP is meant to cover various areas of training. As each doctoral student will have a unique plan, these areas of training will be defined by the doctoral student in collaboration with mentor. Suggested areas of training are Research Activities, Research Productivity (i.e. publications, presentations, patents, etc.), Professional Development (e.g. professional associations, conferences/meetings, workshops, improvement of teaching methods, etc.) and Other (customized by doctoral student). The doctoral coursework is covered on an additional form that is held by the student services registrar. This IDP is for the big picture goals and development of the student.

The doctoral student and the mentor will assess the skill set of the doctoral student in each of these areas and then define short-term and long-term goals to address the skills to develop. In addition, the entire training period (up to 5 years) needs to be considered in the IDP as goals may have a particular sequence or necessary timeframe for success. These goals can be accounted for in the 5 Year Plan Overview section. Please note that the length of training may not be 5 years, thus use the number of years appropriate to the individual's situation. Mentor will guide the doctoral student in how to meet these goals to best achieve the desired career outcome.

At least annually, the doctoral student will meet with the mentor on an individual basis at least annually (and more likely regularly) to ensure that the goals are specific, realistic and being met in a timely manner. Goals will also need to be reassessed to address the particular needs of the individual and to reflect the changing nature of research and/or the doctoral student's career goals.

Training Skills Assessment:

Please list the doctoral student's skill strengths and ones that require improvement in the doctoral student defined areas of training to help the individual reach the desired career objective. This portion is to be completed by the doctoral student and mentor. Alternatively, the doctoral student via correspondence with mentor can summarize the skills section.

	<i>Strong Skills In Each Area of Training)</i>	<i>Skills to Develop In Each Area of Training)</i>
<i>Self- Assessment of Skills</i>		

Achievement:

Please attach a document that lists the following in each specific category. Please use the ICMJE Uniform Requirements for Manuscripts format for references:

- 1) Peer-reviewed journal publications
 - a. Published
 - b. In Press
 - c. Submitted
 - d. In Progress
- 2) Book Chapters or other scholarly products
 - a. Published
 - b. In Press
 - c. Submitted
 - d. In progress
- 3) Presentations at National/International meetings (where you were the first author)

Annual Plan:

The doctoral student will work with mentor to create goals and specific action steps to address and gain the skills necessary for the anticipated career. This plan will be updated and revised each year, when the doctoral student will assess each goal: if it was met, still in progress or needs revision.

Suggested Areas of Training are: Research Activities, Research Productivity, Professional Development and Other. Departmental requirements such as teaching assistantship should be included as a goal with a plan for which courses interest the student.

Goal 1 Area of Training)	Action Step	Frequency (i.e. weekly)	Target Completion Date

Date: _____ Met Goal _____ In Progress _____ Needs Revision

Goal 2 Area of Training)	Action Step	Frequency (i.e. weekly)	Target Completion Date

Date: _____ Met Goal _____ In Progress _____ Needs Revision

Goal 3 Area of Training)	Action Step	Frequency (i.e. weekly)	Target Completion Date

Date: _____ Met Goal _____ In Progress _____ Needs Revision

Goal 4 Area of Training)	Action Step	Frequency (i.e. weekly)	Target Completion Date

Date: _____ Met Goal _____ In Progress _____ Needs Revision

5 Year Plan Overview:

As an IDP is an overall plan for training at Nutrition, goals for every year in training is important to keep in mind to help doctoral students progress and build upon goals in successive years. In addition, certain goals for a career may need to be met on a timely basis. However, the length of training may not be 5 years for all, so use the number of years appropriate for the individual's training period.

Year 1 Goals
Year 2 Goals
Year 3 Goals
Year 4 Goals
Year 5 Goals

APPENDIX E – Doctoral Student Work Policy

In unique circumstances, advanced doctoral students (2nd year and beyond) may have the opportunity to work on **substantial** research, program, or clinical projects outside of the dissertation research as an opportunity to obtain additional research experience. Substantial in this case means that it is sufficiently substantial to merit additional pay and effort. It is expected that such participation would expand the student's training experience and result in a scholarly product. The experience for pay needs to be clearly justified relative to a) the gain to the student towards meeting his/her career goals as reflected in the students' Individual Development Plan (IDP), and b) not delaying the dissertation research and preferably strongly supporting the dissertation development.

Such opportunities may involve payment above the NIH stipend, which necessitates formal approval by the student's advisor and the Doctoral Committee. The primary goal of the approval phase is to determine whether or not the additional work involves scholarly activity that will further the training of the student and will not impede the students' progress toward the completion of dissertation research. A formal request must come from the student with the details of the work and the faculty mentor must sign to indicate their approval of the plan. Students may obtain this formal request form from the Academic Coordinator.

APPENDIX F – Policy for Authorship on Thesis or Defense Committee

Serving on a thesis committee is, in itself, not sufficient reason for an individual to be listed as a coauthor on the student's publications. If however, the faculty member on the committee makes substantial intellectual or hands-on contributions to the student's work consistent with the uniform code of authorship described below, authorship is appropriate.

It is important that such co-authorship be discussed with the student and the thesis committee in a formal manner before work is done. In the absence of such a discussion and approval by the committee, the default understanding should be that the committee member will not be a coauthor on the student's papers.

The following points are from <http://PAREonline.net/getvn.asp?v=5&n=1> (retrieved June 7, 2008): Syrett, Kristen L. & Rudner, Lawrence M. (1996). Authorship ethics. *Practical Assessment, Research & Evaluation*, 5(1).

Presented here is a summary of key ethical standards outlined in the "*Uniform Requirements for Manuscripts Submitted to Biomedical Journals*," developed by the International Committee of Medical Journal Editors. Adopted by over 500 scientific and biomedical journals, including the New England Journal of Medicine, Science, and Lancet, these ethical standards are effective guidelines for educational publications.

Authorship

All persons listed as authors must have made a substantial intellectual contribution to the overall study and accept public responsibility for it. In other words, the author must give input beyond general supervision or instruction of a research group, have a clear understanding of the methodology and implications of the work, and be able to defend the contribution against academic challenge.

Specifically, individuals identified as authors should have made significant contributions:

1. to the conception and design, or analysis and interpretation of data, or both;
2. to drafting of the manuscript or revising it critically for intellectual content; and
3. on final approval of the version of the manuscript to be published.

All three conditions must be met. Participation solely in the acquisition of funding or the collection of data does not merit authorship status.

In cases where more than one person meets the qualifications for authorship of a manuscript, the order of authorship should be a joint decision of the co-authors. The submission should be accompanied by a form stating that the manuscript has been read and approved by each of the co-authors. By signing this form, the authors verify that the manuscript represents honest work. The co-authors share responsibility and accountability for the results. Deceased persons who meet the criteria for inclusion should be listed, with a footnote reporting the date of death. No fictitious name should appear as an author.

Multiple authors often result in complications. Chances for errors may be greater when the number of persons responsible for a submission is increased. Differences in roles and status compound the difficulties of according credit. Junior scholars may seek to gain automatic acceptance of their work by associating it with the name of an established scholar. This practice leads to an uncritical and inappropriate acceptance by other co-authors, the reviewers, or the readers.

Acknowledgements

Persons who made significant contributions to the work but did not justify authorship may be listed in the Acknowledgment section along with their function or contribution. Authors should be responsible for obtaining written permission from all persons being acknowledged by name. Technical help should be acknowledged in a separate paragraph from those acknowledging intellectual contributions.

Authors have an obligation to use journal space wisely and efficiently. Including extensive and repetitious lists of acknowledgments is not a good use of journal space and is of little value to the readers of a journal. Unlimited lists undermine the meaning of authorship and the value of an acknowledgment.

APPENDIX G – Course Plan for Students Matriuculating Fall 2021

Course #	Course Name	Credits Taken	Planned Term	Pertinent notes, substitutions, exemptions*
Required SPH Course				
SPHG 600	Introduction to Public Health			
Department of Nutrition Required Courses				
BIOS 600, BIOS 610, BIOS 545, or BBSP 610	Principles of Statistical Inference or Introductory Statistics for Laboratory Scientists Principles of Experimental Analysis Biostatistics for Laboratory Sciences			
EPID 813 or EPID 710	Principles of Epidemiology for Public Health (offered spring only/alternate years) Fundamentals of Epidemiology (for Epidemiology minors)			
NUTR 600	Human Metabolism: Macronutrients (fall of first year)			
NUTR 620	Human Metabolism: Micronutrients (spring of first year)			
NUTR 770	Nutrition Interventions (offered spring only)			
NUTR 785	Graduate Teaching Experience			
NUTR 885	Doctoral Seminar (fall of first year and spring of second year)			
NUTR 880	Elements of Being a Scientist (fall of third year)			
Research				
NUTR 910				
Specialization Coursework				
Dissertation				
NUTR 994				
Total credits required for graduation ≥ 30 <i>Credit hours cannot count for both the BSPH and MS degrees.</i>				

Please see below for course plans for minors and other specialty tracks.

Milestones

Term Complete	Milestone			Notes
	Form 3 Person Mentoring Committee*	Fall 1		
	Comprehensive Examination	Spring 2		
	Form Dissertation Committee*	Fall 3		
	Proposal Defense	Spring 3		
	Final Defense	Spring 4 or 5		
	Submission of Dissertation	Spring 4 or 5		

**Doctoral students should meet with their 3 Person Committee or Dissertation Committee at least once per year to review the Individual Development Plan, Committee Report, and Course Plan (if applicable). These deliverables must be submitted to the Academic Coordinator following each academic year.*

Minor in Epidemiology

Course #	Course Name	Credits Taken	Planned Term	Pertinent notes, substitutions, exemptions*
Pre-Requisite (does not count toward the minor; needed to take EPID 715)				
EPID 705	Introduction to Deductive & Probability Logic	3.0		Fall only
Minor Required Courses				
EPID 710	Fundamentals of Epidemiology (Co-Requisites: BIOS 600)	3.0		Fall only
EPID 712	Readings and Fundamentals of Epidemiology (Co-Requisite: EPID 710)	2.0		Fall only
EPID 715	Theory & Quantitative Methods in Epidemiology	4.0		Spring only
EPID 716	Epidemiologic Data Analysis	3.0		Spring only

Requirements: (1) Must complete at minimum 15 credit hours in EPID (if cross-listed, register for EPID designation), not including EPID 600 or EPID 718; (2) Courses used toward the minor may not also be counted toward the major; (3) The minor must be approved by the student's 3-person committee, Directors of Graduate Studies for the major and minor programs, and the required form must be sent to the Graduate School; (4) Students with the EPID minor must have an Epidemiology Regular Faculty member on their dissertation committee; (5) Please review all requirements on the Department of Epidemiology web site and in The UNC Grad School Handbook

Minor in Exercise Physiology

Course #	Course Name	Credits Taken	Planned Term	Pertinent notes, substitutions, exemptions*
Minor Required Courses				
EXSS 780	Physiology of Exercise (Pre-Requisites: EXSS 276 or 376)	4.0		
EXSS 782	Nutritional Aspects of Exercise	3.0		
EXSS 783	Assessment of Physiological Functions (Pre-Requisites: EXSS 780)	3.0		

Requirements: (1) Must complete at minimum 15 credit hours in EXSS; (2) Courses used toward the minor may not also be counted toward the major; (3) The minor must be approved by the student's 3-person committee, Directors of Graduate Studies for the major and minor programs, and the required form must be sent to the Graduate School; (4) Students with the EXSS minor must have an EXSS Regular Faculty member on their dissertation committee; (5) Remaining credits can be chosen from the following 3 credit courses: EPID 735, EXSS 410, EXSS 781, EXSS 785, EXSS 789, EXSS 890, EXSS 990; (6) Please review all requirements on the EXSS web site and in The UNC Grad School Handbook

Minor in Health Behavior/Health Education

Course #	Course Name	Credits Taken	Planned Term	Pertinent notes, substitutions, exemptions*
Minor Required Courses				

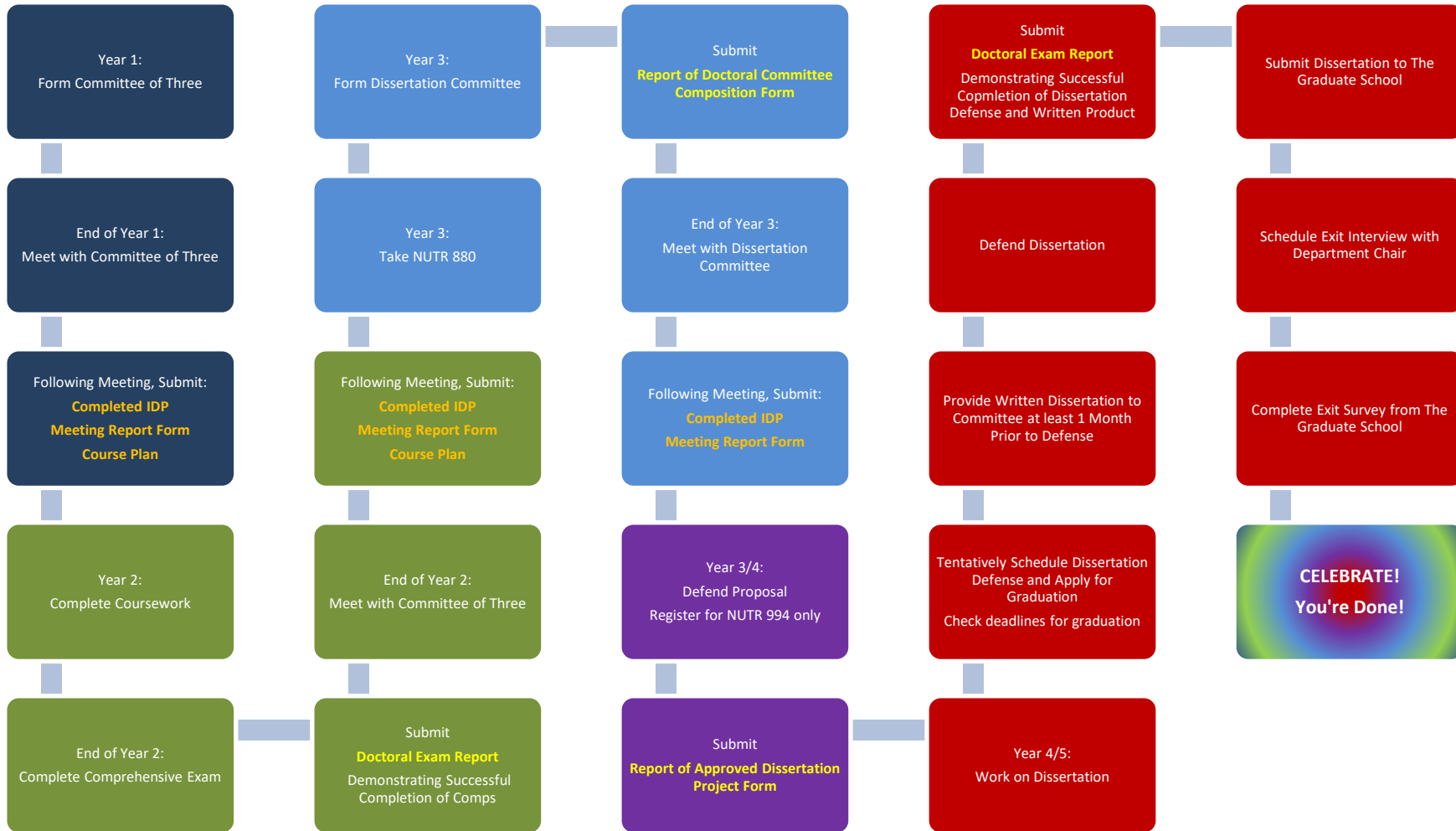
Requirements: (1) Must complete at minimum 15 credit hours in HBEH; (2) Courses used toward the minor may not also be counted toward the major; (3) The minor must be approved by the student's 3-person committee, Directors of Graduate Studies for the major and minor programs, and the required form must be sent to the Graduate School; (4) Students with the HBEH minor must have a minor advisor in HBEH who also serves on their dissertation committee; (5) After completion of coursework, students must pass a written or oral exam; (6) Please review all requirements on the HBEH web site and in The UNC Grad School Handbook

Global Cardiometabolic Disease Trainees

Course #	Course Name	Credits Taken	Planned Term	Pertinent notes, substitutions, exemptions*
Required Courses				
NUTR 745	International Nutrition	3.0		Fall Alt Years
EPID 735	Cardiovascular Epidemiology	3.0		Fall only
NUTR 808	Global Cardiometabolic Disease Seminar (all semesters of traineeship)	1.0/sem		Fall/Spring
Choose one of the following options (A) or (B):				
(A)	AISGH Course: Applied Implementation Science for Global Health			
(B)	Certificate in Translational Medicine: Requires application through UNC Graduate Training Program in Translational Medicine, 75% attendance at monthly Lunch & Learn Seminars, Participation in monthly closed door Translational Medicine Seminar Series, Participation at the annual Translational Medicine Symposium, multi-year clinical exposure with tgheir co-mentor, relevant to research project (see web for add'l details)			

Requirements: (1) Apply and be selected as a trainee; (2) Complete required coursework; (3) Complete mentored research practicum in GCMD; (4) Plan and implement dissertation research related to GCMD; (5) Plan and complete global internship with global mentor, including a capstone policy brief based on a critical issue related to focal research

APPENDIX H – Typical PhD Nutrition Student Timeline



Your Academic Coordinator will help you with each milestone.

All documents should be submitted to the Academic Coordinator, who will then file them with The Graduate School as appropriate.

Documents highlighted in **ORANGE** are found in the Department Handbook

Documents highlighted in **YELLOW** are found on The Graduate School's website: <https://gradschool.unc.edu/academics/resources/forms.html>