

Mental disorders in parents linked to autism in children

PARENTS OF CHILDREN WITH AUTISM were roughly twice as likely to have been hospitalized for a mental disorder, such as schizophrenia, than parents of other children, according to an analysis of Swedish birth and hospital records by a UNC Gillings School of Global Public Health researcher and colleagues in the U.S. and Europe.

The study, “Parental psychiatric disorders associated with autism spectrum disorders in the offspring,” appeared in the May 5, 2008, issue of the journal *Pediatrics*.

“We are trying to determine whether autism is more common among families with other psychiatric disorders,” says study author Dr. Julie Daniels, UNC assis-

tant professor of epidemiology and maternal and child health. “Establishing an association between autism and other psychiatric disorders might enable future investigators to better focus on genetic and environmental factors that might be shared among these disorders.”

“Our research shows that mothers and fathers diagnosed with schizophrenia were about twice as likely to have a child diagnosed with autism,” Daniels adds. “We also saw higher rates of depression and personality disorders among mothers, but not fathers.”

This information will help researchers look among related diseases, such as psychi-

atric disorders, for causes of autism, Daniels says. “It may eventually help identify opportunities to prevent or treat the disorder.”

The study examined 1,237 children born between 1977 and 2003 who were diagnosed with autism before age 10, and compared them with 30,925 control subjects matched for gender, year of birth and hospital. The large sample size enabled researchers to distinguish between psychiatric histories of mothers versus fathers in relation to autism. The association was present regardless of the timing of the parent’s diagnosis relative to the child’s diagnosis.

For more information, visit www.sph.unc.edu/news/autism.html. ■