Social Marketing in Public Health  
PUBH 731  
Spring, 2014

I. Description  
Modern commercial marketing has been fabulously successful over the past 60 years in creating conditions that support purchasing behaviors of individuals, families and societies around the world, regardless of class, income or location. For commercial marketers, there are no “hard to reach” audiences. They are very adept at understanding the wants, needs and aspirations of people and they offer products, both tangible and intangible, that people believe meet their needs. These people (aka customers or audiences) are willing to exchange something (usually money, possibly time and convenience) for these products—and to make that exchange happily.

Social marketing harnesses this knowledge and power to create conditions that support behaviors which increase the well-being and quality of life for individuals, families and societies around the world. Social marketing is not the same as social media, nor does it depend solely on communication (e.g., PSAs, advertisements) to create change. Rather, it is a systematic way to understand the determinants of health and social problems and to address these causes with an array of interventions—in a way that makes change “fun, easy and popular”! This course examines the application of marketing principles to ameliorate public health, safety and environmental problems.

The course has three major assumptions:  
1. Historical public health approaches such as communication, education and law may have limited effectiveness in addressing the current threats to the public’s health, such as: the epidemic of chronic diseases; the increasing prevalence of vaccine-preventable diseases and food borne illnesses; and the emergence of environmental threats to health, like climate change and increases in the geographical range of diseases and their vectors;

2. A combination of individual actions, political will and societal factors influence today’s major public health issues;

3. Public health, if it is to be effective in the 21st century, must become more adept at influencing individual behavior and at influencing the social and political systems and institutions that help shape that behavior. Marketing has the power to do this!
Course structure
The first part of the course is foundational, covering marketing basics, a look at public health in a market environment, an exploration of the limits of communication alone to effect change and an overview of several theories and planning approaches that the world social marketing community currently is finding helpful. The second part provides an in-depth experience creating a social marketing plan to address a public health, safety or environmental issue.

II. Objectives
Upon successful completion of Social Marketing in Public Health, students will be able to:
1. Describe the rationale for integrating market-based strategies into traditional public health program planning, implementation and evaluation
2. Understand the limits of communications-only approaches to behavior change
3. Begin using marketing concepts and processes to develop interventions that create the social change for healthier communities
4. Find resources to continue their formation as users of social marketing

III. Required Text

IV. Course Requirements and Submission of Assignments
Each of you is responsible for the following:

Weekly
- Studying the formal presentations (e.g., PowerPoint, text lecture, website, etc.)
- Reading assigned chapters in the texts
- Reading assigned supplementary articles and resources
- Completing and submitting individual study assignments

As Scheduled (refer to VIII. Schedule of Topics & Assignments)
- Participating in forum discussions by posting original comments and responding to postings (see details below)
- Completing and submitting team assignments
Submitting Assignments
Submit all written assignments via Sakai, by the due date and time.

Formatting Assignments
Complete written assignments in Microsoft Word, use standard formatting (one inch margins, 12 pt. font, double-spaced). Include your name (or group name for team assignments), class, institution and date (all centered) on a cover page. Save the document file name as follows*:

- Student (or team) name, Class ##, Assignment Title.doc
- For example: Jay Walker, Class #2, Public Health Marketing Survey.doc
- Or: Magic Marketeers, Class #12, Promotion.doc

*Please attend to this. It may seem a small thing, but it makes grading so much easier. And a happy instructor is a good thing when he is grading, right?!

Important Note: All assignments should be checked (electronically or otherwise) for spelling and grammar prior to submission. Errors in spelling and grammar will detract from grades. (See Grammar and Spelling document in the Course Materials.)

V. Process for Team Assignments
You will work in teams for the assignments for Classes #3 and #5 and for all of Part Two of the course. I have tried to comprise teams that are balanced in terms of experience and background, based on the information you shared with me.

To-dos and Tips from Past Classes
1. By Class #3, a) decide on a team name and e-mail your decision to me; b) assign a facilitator for each class session that has a team assignment. Some members may need to facilitate the work for more than one class, depending on the size of your team.

2. Develop an action plan to respond to each assignment. Past classes have found it helpful to develop a calendar for each week that goes something like this: M-W, read lesson materials, discuss the assignment and arrive at a consensus response; Th-F, facilitator drafts the response and circulates it for comment; F-Sa, facilitator makes changes; Sa-Su, facilitator writes final draft and submits on Sunday night. (This is for illustration purposes only, based on the desire of previous classes to have suggestions on how to approach group assignments. Develop a plan that works for your team!)

3. Read the assignment, develop a team response, write that up and submit it via Sakai. The team assignments in Part Two consist of the social marketing planning sheets from the back of your textbook. For convenience, I have placed Word versions of these in the folders for the related class.)
Options for Discussion and Document Sharing
You may use the default options provided by Sakai. Some teams in the past have wanted a more dynamic way to discuss assignments and share documents. I am open to your using other platforms (e.g., Google Docs, Skype, etc.) with these caveats:

- All team members must be able to utilize the technology
- I have access to your discussion trail so I can observe group process and add helpful content comments

If your team wants to use an alternative, let’s discuss first!

Team Name
Decide on a name for your team. Send it to me with your first team assignment in Class #3. Be creative! Decide on a name that inspires you or that expresses your “brand.”

VI. Grading
This is a three-credit course. As such, the university expects that students will spend approximately 9 hours a week reading and viewing the lessons and doing the assigned readings and work. Grades will be based according to the criteria below.

Work Assignment
Percentage of Final Grade

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class Assignment</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Class #1 Individual Assignment</td>
<td>5%</td>
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<td>Class #2 Individual Assignment</td>
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<td>Class #3 Team Assignment</td>
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<td>Class #5 Individual Assignment</td>
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<td>Class #14 Individual Assignment</td>
<td>10%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Team Participation/Performance</td>
<td>15%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Final Team Project</td>
<td>40%</td>
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= 100%

Grading Scale:

H Clear Excellence
P Entirely Satisfactory
L Low Passing
F  Failed
IN  Incomplete

Explanation: You may earn a grade of H only by exceeding all expectations in the assignment (e.g., clear, concise, well-written assignments; creative, well-reasoned or conceptualized arguments; use of course concepts; incorporation of additional, relevant resources; grammatically correct; etc.). A P is “Perfectly Acceptable.” L is a performance on assignments that is below the acceptable level for graduate students (e.g., not understanding the course materials very well, not having a grasp of what is required assignments, continually handing in assignments that have grammatical and spelling errors, are not contributing to the task and relationship work in your team, etc.). F is failing.

I sometimes add plusses and minus to the grades on assignments to provide you with more nuanced feedback. However, the university only allows the letter grades above.

Note about Grades for Team Assignments and Participation
There are two graded team assignments: the Class #3 field trip and the final project. All members of a team receive the same grade, based on the quality of the work. I determine your participation grade based on my observations of your discussions and on three confidential peer evaluations each person completes about their team members, using four measures:
- This team member actively participated in team assignments
- This team member accomplished tasks on time
- This team member's work reflected an acceptable level of thought and effort.
- This team member functioned as a valuable member of the team by supporting the efforts of the other team members.

Your Life and Grades
I realize each of you has a life outside of this course. If you have something going on that is affecting your work for the class, let me know! Communicate early and often! cmnewton@email.unc.edu.

V. Grammar and Spelling!
You are taking a course in the Public Health Leadership Program in the #1 public school of public health in the world! I want you to write like that! I would much rather read your assignments for marketing content than for grammar and spelling errors. Please reread your assignments and use spell and grammar check before submitting them. (Note: I say this as someone who writes a good bit and who has his own issues with grammar and spelling!) I do count off for grammar and spelling errors.
If you see red or green squiggly lines under a word or a phrase in your work, correct it!!

APA Style Guide
I prefer that you use the APA Style Guide, 6th Edition. You may purchase a hard copy at the usual sources. You may also wish to use these on-line resources:

1. The Owl at Purdue University: http://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/ (Past class report that this is especially helpful and that they have used it at work or for other classes.)


VIII. Schedule of Topics & Assignments

☞ Part One: Marketing Public Health Basics

Class 1 - The Public Health Marketing Environment  1/8-12
• Introduction to the history and basic concepts of social marketing
• Marketing enables public health to do carry out its core services

Text Book Reading
Chapter 1, Defining Social Marketing, pp. 1-31. Copy in Course Materials in Sakai for those who have not received their book.

Lecture
“Marketing: An Essential Public Health Function”


Assigned Readings and Resources

Assignment: Social Marketing Resources (Length 2.5 pages)
  Purpose: 1) to begin exploring the rich canon of resources the social marketing community has generated over the 42 years of its history, 2) to become familiar with writing using APA style.

Look over the resources listed in Appendix B “Social Marketing Resources,” beginning on page 472 of your text. Pick five (5) that look interesting to you and explore them.

Write a paper that succinctly describes each resource. Include: 1) the name of the resource, 2) a citation for it, 3) what you found interesting about it, 4) how you might use it either to address an issue or to develop your social marketing skills. Use APA guidelines to cite your resources.

Class 1 assignment is due by Midnight on Tuesday January 14, 2014 (Note: most assignments will be due on the Sunday night at the end of that week’s class.)

Class 2 - Public Health in a Market Culture and in the Social Environment

- Social and cultural factors that influence public health
- Criticisms of the public health social justice/social change agenda
- Challenges facing public health marketing

Text Book Reading
  None

Lecture
  “Public Health in a Market Culture and in the Social Environment”

Assigned Readings and Resources
  Siegel and Lotenberg, Chapter 2, Marketing Social Change—A Challenge for the Public Health Practitioner

  Siegel and Lotenberg, Chapter 3, Marketing Social Change—An Opportunity for the Public Health Practitioner


Optional, but recommended
“This is Public Health”: http://youtu.be/ZxR7M9muRhA (0:1:49). This is a short video of on-the-street interviews in which people try to explain what public health is. The video is from an orientation to local public health in Massachusetts.

Assignment: Public Health Awareness Survey (Length 2 pages)
Purpose: 1) to understand the environment in which a state public health program was operating at a specific point in time, 2) to practice conducting and using secondary formative research, 3) to build your capacity to judge the usefulness of data for marketing plans.

Open your browser to the following URL:
http://www.schs.state.nc.us/SCHS/data/phs/

The material at this site relates to a survey of attitudes and opinions about North Carolina public health that was conducted during late fall and winter of 2001 (immediately after the 9/11 attacks). For this assignment, do the following:

1. Carefully read through the questionnaire used in the survey.

2. Click on the Results from the Survey link. Select one section of the survey that interests you and carefully review the statistical results of that particular section.


4. Prepare and submit a written assessment of the results of this survey from a public health marketing perspective. Include:

   • A brief assessment of the value of this data as formative research – that is, its potential contribution to developing a public health marketing program;
   • The implications, as you see them, for marketing North Carolina’s public health system; and
   • Suggestions for additional formative research questions that could be used to assist in the development of an effective public health marketing program.

If you feel that you need additional information about North Carolina's public health system (not a requirement), visit the North Carolina Division of Public Health website at the following link: http://www.ncpublichealth.com/

Class 2 assignment is due by Midnight on Sunday January 19, 2014
Class 3 - Social Marketing Basics

1/20-26

• The social marketing process
• Social marketing compared to other behavior change approaches, such as education and law
• Ethical issues in social marketing

Text Book Reading
  Chapter 2, 10 Steps in the Strategic Marketing Process, pp. 32-54
  Chapter 3, 16 Tips for Success, pp. 55-79
  Chapter 17, pp. 450-453, “Ethical considerations…”

Lecture
  “Social Marketing Basics”

PowerPoint with voiceover: “Social Marketing Basics not to Miss”:
  http://media.sph.unc.edu/adobe/pubh731/marketing_basics/ (If this does not open in a new window, copy and paste the URL in your browser.)

Assigned Readings and Resources

Team Assignment: Field Trip (Length 2 pages)
  Purpose: 1) to experience how a commercial enterprise uses the basic four marketing strategies (Place, Price, Product, and Promotion, aka “the 4 Ps”), 2) to begin developing your group.

Follow the process outlined in the “Process for Team Assignments” (p. 3, above).

Complete the readings and lecture then, as individuals, pay a visit to your local supermarket. Leave your wallet, checkbook, and credit cards locked in the car. Walk around the store, observing how the grocery industry/supermarket chain uses the 4 P's to sell groceries. You may want to jot notes about your observations.

As a team, discuss your observations and findings. Aggregate your thoughts, and write a team analysis of how the Four Ps are used to market grocery products and services. At the end of the analysis, include your team’s thoughts on the following question: “Is the marketing of groceries really different
from marketing a public health service, program or policy?” If so, how? If not, why not?

Remember to send me your team name!

Class 3 assignment is due by Midnight on Sunday January 26, 2014

Class 4 - Strategic Marketing Communication Highlights: Branding, Positioning and Framing 1/27-2/2
- Routine operational communication vs. strategic communication
- Branding, positioning and framing as tools for setting and conveying the value of public health
- The role of communication in a social marketing plan

Text Book Reading
None

Lecture
“Strategic Marketing Communication Highlights: Branding, Positioning and Framing”

Assigned Readings and Resources

Siegel & Lotenberg, Marketing Public Health as an Institution: A Case Study

Frameworks Institute. A Five Minute Refresher Course in Framing

Assignment
None

Class 5 - Communication: Issues and Limits 2/3-9
- Public health is overly dependent on communication to achieve its goals
- Communication-only approaches have limited impact on behavior
- Determinants of health behavior
Text Book Reading
   None

Lecture
   “Communication: Issues and Limits”

Assigned Readings and Resources


   *Social Butterfly is a blog published by Alexandra (aka Alex) Bornkessel, a rising star in both social marketing and social media. Alex works at RTI International.

   Youtube video: “Using community based social marketing to enable behaviour change,” by Doug McKenzie-Mohr†, http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6I-wbjtOKaE. View the video presentation up to 0:26:18. Note especially his comments about the widespread use of “information-intensive” campaigns, why they are inadequate to produce behavior change and why he thinks informational campaigns are so prevalent.

   †Doug has a background in conservation psychology. He is the dean of community-based social marketing, which combines social and environmental psychology precepts with social marketing.

This week has both an individual and a team assignment.

1. **Individual Assignment:** Differences Between Communication vs. Social Marketing (Length 2 pages)
   
   Purpose: to appreciate the differences between a communication-only approach and a social marketing approach to addressing a public health issue.


   2. **View** the PowerPoint presentation with my comments, “Chitlins Case Study,” in the Class 5 folder.
Write a paper that describes the differences you notice between the communications-only approach and the social marketing approach. What do you think it was about the social marketing approach that made it more effective in this case?

Class 5 individual assignment is due by Midnight on Sunday February 9, 2014

2. Team Assignment: Proposal for Social Marketing Project—ungraded (Length half to three-quarters page.)
   Purpose: for me to give you feedback about whether your issue is amenable to a social marketing approach.

   In Part 2 of the course, you will develop as a team a social marketing project to remediate an actual public health, environmental or safety issue that affects the quality of life for a population. The purpose of the project is to give you an opportunity to do the social marketing process and to think like a marketer. You will choose the issue. This will not be a plan that you implement (though some past teams have been able to implement their plan in a member’s work setting).

   I am open about the issue you select, with these parameters:
   - It is an actual problem that affects the quality of life for a population
   - It requires a change in behaviors (as opposed to solely a change in knowledge or awareness)
   - It needs more than communication strategies to address it

   You may also consider a problem which impacts on the ability of public health to carry out its mission (e.g., funding, workforce capacity, building partnerships, etc.).

   To do: Talk as a group, decide on your issue and write a brief description that includes:
   1. Background on the problem (what it is, why it is a concern, etc.)
   2. Who the affect audiences are

   There is an example proposal from last year’s course in the Class #5 folder for you to look at. You do not have to use statistics or references, but if you do, cite them correctly, as the example does.

   Class 5 team assignment is also due by Midnight on Sunday February 9, 2014
Class 6 – Alternative Program Approaches and Explanations for Behavior Change 2/10-16

- Trending newer ideas and tools in the social marketing community
- Implications for marketing strategies of learnings from neuro-marketing, the inspiration and design thinking

Text Book Reading
None

Lecture
“Alternative Program Approaches and Explanations for Behavior Change”

Assigned Readings and Resources

**Inspiration & Purpose**

Youtube video: “Dream Rangers,” by Ogilvy Asia, [http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vksdBSVAM6g](http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vksdBSVAM6g) (0:3:11)

Youtube video: “On Purpose,” by Vic Strecher, University of Michigan School of Public Health [http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TB98SSqv8_E](http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TB98SSqv8_E) (0:5:10)

Youtube video: “What Inspires Behavior Change,” by Vic Strecher, [http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bxMGuGUROiA](http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bxMGuGUROiA) (0:20:38)

**Neuromarketing**

Youtube video: “Is There a Buy Button Inside the Brain,” by Patrick Renvoise, [http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vksdBSVAM6g](http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vksdBSVAM6g) (0:3:11)


**Human Centered Design**


Assignment
None

**Real time Class Meeting this week**, I will send you a link to a Doodle poll to determine the best day and time to meet. This is entirely optional, but previous classes have found it very enjoyable and informative!

🔗 Part Two: Planning a Social Marketing Intervention
(See Introducing the Social Marketing Project)

Class 7 - Social Marketing Project
Background & Purpose; Situation Analysis 2/17-23
- Importance of accurately defining the problem
- Formative research is more than focus groups and surveys
- Understanding and insight

Text Book Reading
Chapter 4, Determining Research Needs and Options, pp. 81-105
Chapter 5, Choosing a Purpose and a Focus for Your Plan and Conducting a Situation Analysis, pp. 106-126

Lecture
“Insights on ‘Insight’ and on the Right Focus”

Optional, but recommended (and very informative!)
PowerPoint: PRIZM Basics. *Listen to this PowerPoint if you would like to learn more about PRIZM, a commercial marketing database, which a number of public health-related organizations use (e.g., CDC, National Cancer Institute, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration; state health departments in North Carolina, Ohio, and Missouri).*

Assigned Readings and Resources
Tools for Research, CDCynergy-Social Marketing Edition,
[http://www.orau.gov/cdcynergy/soc2web/Content/activeinformation/tools/tools.htm](http://www.orau.gov/cdcynergy/soc2web/Content/activeinformation/tools/tools.htm). Click on the link, and review the items on the pull down menu.
This week has two team assignments.

**Assignment for this week’s class: Background and Situation Analysis**

complete the readings and lecture as individuals. As a team, discuss the questions for Step 1 and Step 2 on the Social Marketing Planning Worksheets, write a response to the questions and submit them.

Class 7 assignment is due by Midnight on Sunday February 23, 2014

Begin assignment for Class #8, Conducting Formative Research

(Due March 2\textsuperscript{nd})

Since it would not be easy to go out and conduct primary research about your issue and potential audiences, you will do a literature review to find secondary sources. Search thoughtfully, as this will inform the interventions you develop.

**To dos**

a) Identify five (5) sources that are germane to your issue and/or audience. Sources may include professional journal articles or reputable web sources. **Identify at least one of your sources through the Georgetown Social Marketing listserv or through the International Social Marketing Association’s social marketing net.** (See the Social Marketing Resource List handout from Class #1 for instructions on how to subscribe.)

b) **Types** of information to search for:
   - barriers, benefits and facilitators associated with the behavior
   - social marketing interventions for similar issues
   - information that gives insight to whether any of the determinants of behavior from the NIMH consensus conference (see Class #5 lecture) is germane to your issue
   - other types of information is acceptable if you will find it useful but remember, this is a class on social marketing, so we need to go beyond the “same old, same old” and ask marketing questions

c) Places to search besides the required social marketing forums, above:
   - listservs for the Society of Public Health Educators (SOPHE), APHA and similar organizations
   - Google scholar
   - Medline

d) Write a brief overview of your findings, using one of the example formats in the Class #8 folder. Include enough information so that I can see how it may be useful to you.
Class 8 - Target Audiences; Objectives & Goals; Barriers & Benefits 2/24-3/2

- The myth of “the general public”
- Centrality of the concept of exchange
- Translating formative research into interventions

Text Book Reading
Chapter 6, Segmenting, Evaluating, and Selecting Target Audiences, pp. 128-159
Chapter 7, Setting Behavior Objectives and Goals, pp. 160-184
Chapter 8, Identifying Barriers, Benefits, the Competition and Influential Others, pp. 185-211

Lecture
“Audience and Exchange”

PowerPoint with voiceover: “Audience Segmentation: Separating Apples from Oranges”

Assigned Readings and Resources
None

Assignment: Audience, Objectives, Barriers and Benefits
1) Submit the results of your secondary research search.

2) Complete the readings and lecture as individuals. As a team, discuss the questions for Steps 3, 4 and 5 on the Social Marketing Planning Worksheets, write a response to the questions and submit them.

Class 8 assignment is due by Midnight on Sunday March 2, 2014

Group Evaluation #1—I will send you a link to a survey about how the individuals in your group are participating. Your comments, along with my observations, will go into Discussion Forum Participation/Performance grade. Confidentiality is completely in place!

Due by Midnight on Sunday March 9, 2014
Class 9 - Positioning & Product

- Positioning—differentiating your interventions
- Introducing the “4 Ps”—the core strategies of a marketing approach
- Always more than one “product”

Text Book Reading
Chapter 9, Crafting a Desired Positioning Statement, pp. 213-238
Chapter 10, Product: Creating a Product Platform, pp. 239-262

Lecture
“Introducing the 4 Ps”

Assigned Readings and Resources

Benefits Ladder

BEHAVE Model and example

Doing Social Marketing Grid and example

Assignment: Positioning and Product
Complete the readings and lecture as individuals. As a team, discuss the questions for Steps 6 and 7.1 on the Social Marketing Planning Worksheets, write a response to the questions and submit them.

Class 9 assignment is due by Midnight on Sunday March 9, 2014

Spring Break: 7 March – 16 March

Class 10 - Price

- Making change “fun, easy and popular”
- Reducing barriers and using barriers

Text Book Reading
Chapter 11, Price: Determining Monetary and Nonmonetary Incentives and Disincentives, pp. 263-284
**Lecture**
None

**Assigned Readings and Resources**
None

**Assignment:** Price
Complete the readings and lecture as individuals. As a team, discuss the questions for Step 7.2 on the Social Marketing Planning Worksheets, write a response to the questions and submit them.

Class 10 assignment is due by Midnight on Sunday March 23, 2014

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**Class 11 - Place**
3/24-30
- Location, time and mind-space

**Text Book Reading**
Chapter 12, Place: Making Access Convenient and Pleasant, pp. 285-310

**Lecture**
“Location, Location, Location”

**Assigned Readings and Resources**

**Assignment:** Place
Complete the readings and lecture as individuals. As a team, discuss the questions for Step 7.3 on the Social Marketing Planning Worksheets, write a response to the questions and submit them.

Class 11 assignment is due by Midnight on Sunday March 30, 2014

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**Group Evaluation #2**—I will send a link to the survey.

Due by Midnight on Sunday April 6, 2014
Class 12 - Promotion 3/31-4/6

- Successful promotion is more than information
- The elements of a successful promotion strategy
- The place of social media in social marketing
- Best practice social media

Text Book Reading
Chapter 13, Promotion: Deciding on Messages, Messengers, and Creative Strategies, pp. 311-350
Chapter 14, Promotion: Selecting Communication Channels, pp. 351-386

Lecture
PowerPoint with voiceover: “Using Social Media”

Assigned Readings and Resources

Handout: Social Media Resources sheet (I will provide an updated list at the time of this class.)

Optional, but recommended


I strongly encourage you to open and “flip through” these. I have found them to be tremendously helpful in developing promotional strategies that engage audiences, or helpful to at least understand what works when I talk with a creative agency.

Assignment: Promotion
Complete the readings and lecture as individuals. As a team, discuss the questions for Steps 7.4 on the Social Marketing Planning Worksheets, write a response to the questions and submit them.

Class 12 assignment is due by Midnight on Sunday April 6, 2014
Class 13 - Monitoring & Evaluation; Budgets; Implementation

4/7-13

- Evaluation measures appropriate to social marketing
- Using social marketing approaches to appeal to funders

Note: This is not a class on evaluation or budgeting. There are other courses for that. Therefore, I want to draw your attention in readings to things that are particularly relevant to social marketing.

Text Book Reading

Chapter 15, Developing a Plan for Monitoring and Evaluation
Introduction & Marketing Highlight, pp. 388-392
What Will You Measure, pp. 395-403 (top of page)

Chapter 16, Establishing Budgets and Finding Funding
Introduction & Marketing Highlight, pp. 411-417
Mid-page 418-419 (through “Evaluation-related costs”)
Appealing to Funders, pp. 427-428

Chapter 17, Creating an Implementation Plan and Sustaining Behavior
Introduction, Marketing Highlight & Step 10, pp. 432-438 (to Box 17.1)*
Phasing, Sustainability & Selling Plan, pp. 442-450
*Optional: Box 17.1, example of a social marketing plan

Lecture
PowerPoint with voiceover: “Social Marketing on a Barefoot Budget”

Assigned Readings and Resources

*By Craig LeFevre (pronounced “La-fay”), a long time social marketer and public health-er. Craig doesn’t think outside the box, he creates new boxes! His is the self-described “Chief Maven” of social marketing. I would agree.

BEHAVE+My Model-School PAN example—this illustrates how to link you program interventions with evaluation metric and with resources needed.

Assignment: Monitoring, Budget, Implementation
Complete the readings as individuals. As a team, discuss the questions for Steps 8, 9* and 10 on the Social Marketing Planning Worksheets, write a response to the questions and submit them.
*Step 9 Note:* I do not expect you to know how much it costs to complete the various strategies you are proposing. Rather, **do these two things** for questions 9.1-9.5:

- **list the tasks or items** you expect to have to pay for (e.g., development of a mobile phone app, transcribing of focus group recordings, etc.)
- **list what percentage** of your budget you want to devote to each strategy (i.e., product, price, place, etc.—not to each task). Remember, you have a budget of $25,000.

Class 13 assignment is due by Midnight on Sunday **April 13, 2014**

**Class 14 - Monday May 13th, Using Social Marketing in Your Practice**

- Using marketing principles in your own practice
- Building marketing capacity in your organization
- *What did you want to know at the beginning of the semester that we have not addressed?*

**Text Book Reading**

None

**Lecture**

None

**Assigned Readings and Resources**

Lagarde, F. What if your organization couldn’t care less about social marketing? (2009). *Social Marketing Quarterly, XV2* pp. 105-108


**Assignment:** Reflection on Using Social Marketing (Length 2-3 pages)

Consider what you have learned about doing social marketing. Consider your current workplace or, if in class full time, consider future classes and projects (or where you imagine you might work). Reflect on the following questions, jot your thoughts and send to me: 1) what barriers do see to using a social marketing approach; 2) what facilitators do you see; 3) what else do you want or need to feel prepared to begin utilizing marketing; 4) how can you continue to “feed your head” and develop your marketing practice; 5) what burning question(s) do you want to ask me?
This should be very low stress for you! Forget the APA Style Guide, for a change! Jot down your thoughts in bullet points if you want. I invite you into this space where you have permission to think about “what next?” and get some wisdom (?) from me—along with a grade.

Class 14 assignment is due by Midnight on Sunday April 20, 2014

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<th>Group Evaluation #3——I will send a link to the survey.</th>
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<td>Due by Midnight on Sunday May 3, 2014</td>
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Final Project Feedback & Technical Assistance 4/20-5/2

- Compilation of social marketing plan components
- Final formatting and editing
- Questions for the instructor

Final Social Marketing Project due on or before Midnight, Friday, May 2, 2014.
Introducing the Social Marketing Project

The majority of the class will give you the opportunity to learn social marketing by doing social marketing. The textbook is designed to take you through the steps of the social marketing process, beginning with Chapter 5. The text provides planning sheets keyed to each chapter in Appendix A, beginning on page 459. I have posted the planning sheets in Word format in the Class #7 folder in Sakai. Further, I will provide a well done final project from a previous year to serve as a template for your final project.

All the work is done in a team, as you did for the field trip assignment. You will complete the steps sequentially and weave them together into a final plan. I will not grade the steps, only the final plan. However, I will read and give feedback on each step. (As an artifact of the class schedule, you will begin working on each step before you receive my feedback about the previous step. However, you will be able to incorporate my feedback before submitting the final plan.)

Process

1) Complete the class readings, discuss the questions in the planning step(s) for that week, write a team response, and submit it through Sakai. Please submit only the sheet(s) for the step(s) you are working on in a given week.

2) I will review your work for each step and give you feedback and suggestions.

3) Revise each step with my suggestions in mind. (While you don’t have to incorporate all my suggestions, please demonstrate that you have considered them.)*

4) Combine the worksheets into a final plan document, with a narrative flow.

*Some teams have preferred to incorporate my edits and recommendations as they go along. Others have done so at the end of the project. I have given you the two week of April 20th – May 2nd to ask me questions, finalize your plan, and make it amazing!

Budget. You have a budget of $25,000.

What your final project will look like. I have posted an example plan from a previous class in the folder for Class #7.

Formatting & Length of Final Plan

- Keep or delete headers from the planning sheets as you need, in order to let your paper flow, while guiding the reader through the sections
- Use APA Stylebook formatting
- Twenty (20) pages, double spaced (space-and-a-half is acceptable), 12 pt. font size
Here’s what I’m looking for:

- A concise problem description that clearly explains the factors that contribute to your problem and where and how your behavior fits into this model
- Your secondary research must inform most of the major programmatic decisions that you make
- Clear, simple descriptions of your primary target audience and any secondary target audiences
- Clear and simple behavioral objective(s)
- A mix of interventions (think 4 Ps) that reduces the behavioral barriers that you have identified and that provides the relevant benefits necessary to support the desired behavior
- A logical consistency that links the steps of your plan—i.e., “it all hangs together!”

*It’s okay to make reasonable assumptions. You don’t need to prove them, but you must state them clearly.

Finally, the purpose of this class is for you to demonstrate that you know how to use this model—even (and maybe especially) on a small scale. Avoid being overly ambitious with your plan.

Free social marketing tips:

- Behavior change is hard
- Over-reliance on communication is bad
- Making change fun, easy and popular is good

Contact me with any questions you have!